EXHIBIT A

医髓液合物腺炎 1. 控制效应数 ' · o PROTEIN 1900 J. 1 1. 規則指集 2. 1 CHANGER OF ARCOTERS OF MA 110 1.3. - 25、スチャまとは経過では必須によるほどの数とは 可表示(2) \$据图图 [1] \$\$ \$\$\$ > 汉太郎(2) 第4 (2) 第4 (2) 第5 (2 310 TIME SKIENTORUME SOAPOUR RBOTH ATTO A CLARENCE WINDS THE TRANSPORT कृष्टिक्ष कर् GOOD AND CANONICSURVAY FOLIVERY. . 088 S. 45. DESAUTO CHLORINATED IS M CALST JATENGS CENT LOGINATED TRINCIST IN PROSPATE OF ON AHERMANDER OF ATTE OCCU MANGER OF COCCINETISOAP SE THE CHELL WITH MOURS OF ORROSION INSIDE -) ない知道ない 粉り ENT ODERSOAKING PROPERTY O 3 6 稳压的配配限计算为法 MODOK DISHWAN ERRADIS O DISHWASH ER ENT O DISPUTE CHANT O DISPURING GENT O DAYOLLIENT O ENHILSEITOS ENZYMES • ETCHING • ETMANDL • TIVLACOROLO E TI T ABRICBRIGHTEN. AGENTOPANKIC OHOL • FILMING • LAKES OF LUGRASSO ► AULASTABILIZING GENT & CHEROLIBE & GLACIERIN & $S\circ \mathsf{HAND}\,\mathsf{SOMP}\circ \mathsf{HARD}\,\mathsf{SUMMACE}$ ERGENT OR SOAP * HOUSEHOLD ILEANER • HARD WATER • HEAVY HYDROTROPE . HYPOCHLORITE . CLEANER OHY DROPHILLICO HYDRO 7 JIGHT DUTY DETER-ATHER OLAL NORY A T TLATE SULFONATE • GENT • LIGHT DUTYS ESIUM SOAP * MEDI-HOUID CHLORINE BL ATED SOAP • MILLED SOAP, AT • OPACIFIER • OPTICAL ERINE OXYGEN BLEACH . RESACH®OPTICALBRIGHTE S • PHOSPHATES • PHOS-RE (BORATE • PERFUME • H DRIC ACID • PINE OIL • PLAR GREECE CARRIES • PRECIPITATING AGENT • PRE-ERVATIVE • PRESOAK • PRESOAK PRODÚCTS • PRETREATMENT • PREWASH • ${f REWASH}$ LAUNDRY SOILAND STAIN REMOVER ullet PRILLING ullet PROCESSINGAIDS ullet ${f ROTEASE}$ ullet PUMICE ullet QUALITY CONTROLAGENT ullet QUATERNARY AMMONIUM OMPOUNDS * REDUCING AGENT * REDUCING BLEACH * RINSEAGENT * ROSIN $oxed{sanitizer}$ ullet saponification ullet scouring $oxed{pad}$ ullet scouring powder ulletEQUESTERING A GENT • STAICA • STAICATE • STAING • SOAP • SOAP CURD • SOAP AD • SODA ASH • SODIUM ALUMINOSHJCATE • SODIUM BICARBONATE • SO-IUM CARBONATE • SODIUM CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE • SODIUM CAR $oldsymbol{ iny}$ to a vector $oldsymbol{ iny}$ is a constant $oldsymbol{ iny}$ and $oldsymbol{ iny}$ D DIUM METAPHOSPHATE « SODIUM METASILICATE « SODIUM NITRILOTRIACE-VE • SODIUM SESQUICARBONATE • SODIUM SILICATE • SODIUM SULFATE • ODIUM SULFITE • SODIUM TINGSCLFATE • SODIUM TOLUENESULFONATE • DDIUM TRIPHOSPATE • SODIUM TRIPOLYPHOSPHATE • SODIUM XYLENESUL- ${f ONATE}$ \circ ${f SOIL}$ ${f REDEPOSITION}$ ${f INHIBITOR}$ \circ ${f SOIL}$ ${f SUSPENDING}$ ${f AGENT}$ \circ ${f SPOT}$ ING • STARCH • STRIPPER • SUDS • SUDSING • SUDS STABLIZER • SUDS $\mathtt{IPPRESSOR} \circ \mathtt{SUPERFATTED} \circ \mathtt{SURFACE} \, \mathtt{ACTIVE} \, \mathtt{AGENT} \circ \mathtt{SURFACTANT} \circ \mathtt{SYN}.$ ${\sf ET}$ \circ ${\sf SYNTHETIC}$ ${\sf DETERGENT}$ \circ ${\sf TALLOW}$ \circ ${\sf TALLOW}$ ${\sf SOAP}$ \circ ${\sf TETRAPOTAS}$ ${\sf SIUM}$ ${f YROPHOSPHATE}$ ullet TETRASODIUM PYROPHOSPHATE ullet TITANIUM DIOXIDE ulletD LETBOWLCLEANER «TOILETSOAP» TRANSPARENT SOAP «TRICUOCAKBAN FACLOSAN • THE SOAPAND DETERGENT ASSOCIATION • TRISODIUM HOSPHATE \circ ULTRAMARINE BLUE \circ UNBUILT DETERGENT \circ UNBUILT SOAP \circ ASHING SODA O BRITER OF SHOULD OF SOME OF STEEL OF ACTION OF A SHOP ASHING OF SOME OF INT \circ WATER SOFTENER \circ WATER TEMPERATURE \circ WETTINGAGENT \circ ZEGLITE

A HANDBOOK OF INDUSTRY TERMS

This Handbook provides the first comprehensive dictionary of terms used in the soap and detergent industry. It is hoped that the more than 200 definitions will be helpful to consumer communicators, home economics educators, the media, government officials, and businesses, as well as to the many consumers, students, and others who seek information about washing and cleaning products and their components.

The definitions are non-technical, or at times semi-technical, and designed for the layman rather than for the scientist or engineer. Following most of the alphabetized listings are related terms, which are also defined in the Handbook.

—The SDA Consumer Affairs Committee

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Revised and Expanded

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WAREWASHING

Washing of dishes, utensils, glassware, pots and pans, etc. in the institutional area, such as restaurants, hotels, motels, hospitals, schools. nursing homes, and governmental facilities.

Special equipment and cleaning products are usually employed. Products of higher concentration are generally used when dispensed through equipment where the products are not touched. When warewashing is carried out by hand, products used are more like consumer products.

Governmental codes regulate sanitary standards in most areas, and voluntary standards for equipment have also been issued by such organizations as the National Sanitation Foundation.

WASHABLE (AS APPLIED TO A GARMENT)

A term applied to a garment that will be restored to wearability (Note 1) by laundering according to an acceptable (Note 2) procedure in the absence of irreparable damage.

Note 1 — Wearability includes consideration of size (stretch or shrinkage), appearance (color, freedom from stain or dinginess, or both, etc.), and odor (some synthetics have been found to retain perspiration odors, etc.). Wearability also includes considerations of utilization; thus a pair of overalls used by a painter cannot be judged by the same criteria as a frilly blouse.

Note 2 — Acceptable procedure refers to the requirement that the instructions given by the detergent manufacturer and the garment manufacturer and the appliance manufacturer shall be followed within reasonable limits, taking due note of local water hardness, etc.

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WASHING SODA

A common name for a commercial form of hydrated sodium carbonate. It is also called "sal soda" and "soda." Washing soda is often used as a detergent booster.

Related Terms: Sodium Carbonate